

54BC

From Caesar

Caesar's second landing in Britain was unopposed.

The following day the Britons were again defeated. Caesar had to return to Gaul because of several new rebellions.

He demanded hostages from the Britons and fixed a tribute they were forced to pay Rome each year. Britons had the strange custom of painting

themselves blue which made them
frightening in battle.

In fact, one of Caesar's generals; CICEA
(a relative of the rat) had been attacked &
surrounded by the NERVIANs. Caesar
rescued these Romans and his soldiers
brought in the head of the Gallic leader -
INDUTIOMARUS.

STBC

A strong army met Caesar's
landing force in Britain under
King Cassivellaunus, but
the British Celts were divided among
themselves.

After the legions had defeated
them in 3 battles some British petty
princes came to camp to surrender
One of them MANDUBRACIUS, king of

ALTRINOVANTES

54BC

Caesar invaded Britain again and got them to pay tribute to Rome.

54 BC

Julia, daughter of Caesar and wife of Pompey died.

Caesar's relationship with Pompey was on the way down.

54BC

Cassius's second crossing to Britain
Victory marking CASIVELLAUNUS

54BC

The Celtic hordes were contending with a machine that functioned at the press of a button. Caesar's men were military technicians - ea. one a palisade builder, a bridge builder, a trench digger, as well as a soldier. From discipline and the genius of one of the greatest generals in history when in 54 BC Inductimarus rode, bored, away from a Roman outpost that had not at once succumbed, the defender pursued him and cut him off. 'His head, Caesar

technically observes, 'was brought into Camp'
Similarly in 53 B.C. Ambiorix's father
after being defeated by Caesar several times
disappeared into a forest protected only by 4
hunsenmen whom he would trust with his
life.

54BC

Cesar's daughter - Julia -
wife of Pompey died.

87 ~~14~~ → 54 B C

Catullus